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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1989

ENROLLED Committee Substitute for SENATE BILL NO. 303

(By Senator Tucker, President, etal)

April 8, 1989 PASSED From Passage In Effect

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill No. 303

(SENATORS TUCKER, MR. PRESIDENT, J. MANCHIN, JONES AND LOEHR, original sponsors)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT to amend article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; to amend and reenact section nine, article twelve of said chapter; to amend article thirteen-d of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-b; to amend and reenact sections two, four-b, seven, eight-a, nine, nineb, nine-c, nine-d, eighteen and thirty-three, article fifteen of said chapter; to further amend said article fifteen by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b; to amend and reenact sections three-b, three-c, three-d and twenty-nine, article fifteen-a of said chapter; to further amend said article fifteen-a by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-a and six-a; to amend and reenact section twelve. article twenty-one of said chapter; to amend article twenty-four of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-c; and to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter seventeen of said code, all relating to the Tax Act of 1989; allowing

tax commissioner to be represented by staff attorneys in legal proceedings; limiting the penalty for failure to renew business registration certificates; allowing credit for research and development projects to be applied against corporation net income taxes; amending definitions of terms used in consumers sales tax; making purchaser liable for payment of sales tax due that was not paid to vendor; equalizing sales tax burden on property use in business as between integrated and nonintegrated businesses; providing transition rules; requiring registration of security for payment of sales tax and from nonresident contractors; amending existing exemptions from sales tax and adding several new exemptions; providing methods for claiming exemptions; making issuance of direct pay permits discretionarv: combining consumers sales tax and use tax direct pay permit returns; providing rules for filing such returns; dedicating sales tax on aviation fuel to state aeronautical commission for use to obtain federal funds for airports; specifying effective dates; equalizing use tax burden on property used in business as between integrated and nonintegrated businesses; providing methods for claiming use tax exemptions; making issuance of direct pay permits discretionary; combining use tax, direct pay permit and sales tax direct pay permits to be combined and providing return due dates; requiring certain other out of state retailers to collect use taxes on sales of property or taxable services to customers in this state; specifying effective dates; providing additional adjustments to federal adjusted gross income for personal income tax purposes; allowing credit against corporation net income taxes for research and development expenditures; amending definition of "road," "public road" and "highway"; making other technical corrections; and specifying effective dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; that section nine, article twelve of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article thirteen-b of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-b; that sections two, four-b, seven, eight-a, nine, nine-b, nine-c, nine-d, eighteen and thirty-three, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b; that section three-b, three-c, three-d and twenty-nine, article fifteen-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-a and six-a; that section twelve, article twenty-one of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article twenty-four of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-c; and that section three, article one, chapter seventeen be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 10. PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§11-10-10a. Legal services.

1 Notwithstanding anything in this code to the con-2 trary, the tax commissioner may utilize any full-time 3 attorney or attorneys employed by the tax department 4 as staff counsel to institute, prosecute, or defend any 5 suits, actions, or other legal proceedings, and it shall be 6 in the sole judgement and discretion of the tax 7 commissioner whether to utilize such staff attorney or 8 attorneys or the attorney general, whether on a case 9 by case basis or for all of the needs of the department 10 for legal services: *Provided*, That nothing contained 11 herein may be construed to authorize the administra-12 tor to engage, hire or employ outside counsel without 13 first obtaining the permission of the attorney general.

ARTICLE 12. BUSINESS REGISTRATION TAX.

§11-12-9. Penalties.

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1 In addition to the provisions of article ten of this 2 chapter, any person engaging in or prosecuting any 3 business contrary to the provisions of this article, 4 whether without obtaining a business registration 5 certificate therefor before commencing the same, or

6 by continuing the same after the termination of the 7 effective period of any such certificate may, in addi-8 tion to paying the business registration tax, additions 9 to tax, penalties and interest, be liable for a penalty of 10 fifty dollars for each month or fraction thereof during 11 which he has been in default of the business registra-12 tion tax. It shall be the duty of the tax commissioner 13 to collect the full amount of the business registration 14 tax, additions to tax, interest, and all penalties 15 imposed: *Provided*, That in no event may the total 16 penalty for failure to renew a business registration 17 certificate exceed fifty dollars per registration 18 certificate.

ARTICLE 13D. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CREDIT FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION AND REVITALIZATION AND FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.

§11-13D-3b. Application of credit after June 30, 1989.

For taxable years ending on and after the first day 1 2 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the 3 credits allowed under section three shall continue to 4 be applied as provided in section three-a. In addition, 5 the credit allowed under subsection (f) of section three 6 that remains after its application as provided in section 7 three-a of this article shall be applied to reduce the tax 8 imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter: Pro-9 vided, That this credit may not reduce by more than 10 fifty percent the amount of the net tax liability of the 11 taxpayer for the taxable year under article twenty-12 four of this chapter, which amount of net tax liability 13 shall be determined before application of the credit 14 allowed by thirteen-c of this chapter.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

§11-15-2. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article:

2 (a) "Persons" means any individual, partnership,

3 association, corporation, state or its political subdivi-

4 sions or agency of either, guardian, trustee, committee,

5 executor or administrator.

6 (b) "Tax commissioner" means the state tax 7 commissioner;

8 (c) "Gross proceeds" means the amount received in
9 money, credits, property or other consideration from
10 sales and services within this state, without deduction
11 on account of the cost of property sold, amounts paid
12 for interest or discounts or other expenses whatsoever.
13 Losses shall not be deducted, but any credit or refund
14 made for goods returned may be deducted.

(d) "Sale," "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer of the possession or ownership of tangible personal property for a consideration, including a lease or rental, when the transfer or delivery is made in the ordinary course of the transferor's business and is made to the transferee or his agent for consumption or use or any other purpose.

(e) "Vendor" means any person engaged in this state
in furnishing services taxed by this article or making
sales of tangible personal property.

(f) "Ultimate consumer" or "consumer" means a
person who uses or consumes services or personal
property.

(g) "Business" includes all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, direct or indirect, and all activities of the state and its political subdivisions which involve sales of tangible personal property or the rendering of services when those service activities compete with or may compete with the activities of other persons.

35 (h) "Tax" includes all taxes, interest and penalties36 levied hereunder.

(i) "Service" or "selected service" includes all
nonprofessional activities engaged in for other persons
for a consideration, which involve the rendering of a
service as distinguished from the sale of tangible
personal property, but shall not include contracting,
personal services or the services rendered by an
employee to his employer or any service rendered for
resale.

(j) "Purchaser" means a person who purchasestangible personal property or a service taxed by thisarticle.

48 (k) "Personal service" includes those:

49 (1) Compensated by the payment of wages in the50 ordinary course of employment;

(2) Rendered to the person of an individual without,
at the same time, selling tangible personal property,
such as nursing, barbering, shoe shining, manicuring
and similar services.

(1) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the taximposed by this article.

57 (m) "Drugs" includes all sales of drugs or appliances 58 to a purchaser, upon prescription of a physician or 59 dentist and any other professional person licensed to 60 prescribe.

61 (n) (1) "Directly used or consumed" in the activities 62 of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, com-63 munication or the production of natural resources 64 means used or consumed in those activities or opera-65 tions which constitute an integral and essential part of 66 such activities, as contrasted with and distinguished 67 from those activities or operations which are simply 68 incidental, convenient or remote to such activities.

(2) Uses of property or consumption of services
which constitute direct use or consumption in the
activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural
resources includes only:

(A) In the case of tangible personal property, physical incorporation of property into a finished product
resulting from manufacturing production or the
production of natural resources;

(B) Causing a direct physical, chemical or other
change upon property undergoing manufacturing
production or production of natural resources;

81 (C) Transporting or storing property undergoing 82 transportation, communication, transmission, manu83 facturing production or production of natural84 resources;

(D) Measuring or verifying a change in property
directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of
natural resources;

(E) Physically controlling or directing the physical
movement or operation of property directly used in
transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural
resources;

94 (F) Directly and physically recording the flow of
95 property undergoing transportation, communication,
96 transmission, manufacturing production or production
97 of natural resources;

98 (G) Producing energy for property directly used in 99 transportation, communication, transmission, manu-100 facturing production or production of natural 101 resources;

(H) Facilitating the transmission of gas, water, steam
or electricity from the point of their diversion to
property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;

(I) Controlling or otherwise regulating atmospheric
conditions required for transportation, communication,
transmission, manufacturing production or production
of natural resources;

(J) Serving as an operating supply for property
undergoing transmission, manufacturing production or
production of natural resources, or for property
directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of
natural resources;

117 (K) Maintenance or repair of property directly used
118 in transportation, communication, transmission,
119 manufacturing production or production of natural
120 resources;

(L) Storage, removal or transportation of economic
waste resulting from the activities of manufacturing,
transportation, communication, transmission or the
production of natural resources;

125(M) Pollution control or environmental quality or 126 protection activity directly relating to the activities of 127 manufacturing, transportation, communication, trans-128 mission or the production of natural resources and 129personnel, plant, product or community safety or 130 security activity directly relating to the activities of 131 manufacturing, transportation, communication, trans-132 mission or the production of natural resources; or

133 (N) Otherwise be used as an integral and essential
134 part of transportation, communication, transmission,
135 manufacturing production or production of natural
136 resources

137 (3) Uses of property or services which would not
138 constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of
139 manufacturing, transportation, transmission, commu140 nication or the production of natural resources
141 includes, but are not limited to:

142 (A) Heating and illumination of office buildings;

143 (B) Janitorial or general cleaning activities;

144 (C) Personal comfort of personnel;

(D) Production planning, scheduling of work, orinventory control;

147 (E) Marketing, general management, supervision,148 finance, training, accounting and administration; or

(F) An activity or function incidental or convenient
to transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources, rather than an integral and essential part of such
activities.

154 (o) "Contracting."

Jaw 155 (1) In General. — "Contracting" means and includes 156 the furnishing of work, or both materials and work, 157 for another (by a sole contractor, general contractor,

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158 prime contractor or subcontractor) in fulfillment of a 159 contract for the construction, alteration, repair, deco-160 ration or improvement of a new or existing building or 161 structure, or any part thereof, or for removal or 162 demolition of a building or structure, or any part 163 thereof, or for the alteration, improvement or develop-164 ment of real property.

165 (2) Form of contract not controlling. — An activity 166 that falls within the scope of the definition of contract-167 ing shall constitute contracting regardless of whether 168 such contract governing the activity is written or 169 verbal and regardless of whether it is in substance or 170 form a lump sum contract, a cost-plus contract, a time 171 and materials contract (whether or not open-ended), 172 or any other kind of construction contract.

173 (3) Special rules. — For purposes of this definition:

(A) The term "structure" includes, but is not limited to, everything built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner and attached or affixed to real property, or which adds utility to real property or any part thereof, or which adds utility to a particular parcel of property and is intended to remain there for an indefinite period of time.

(B) The term "alteration" means and is limited toalterations which are capital improvements to abuilding or structure or to real property.

184 (C) The term "repair" means and is limited to 185 repairs which are capital improvements to a building 186 or structure or to real property.

(D) The term "decoration" means and is limited todecorations which are capital improvements to abuilding or structure or to real property.

(E) The term "improvement" means and is limitedto improvements which are capital improvements to abuilding or structure or to real property.

193 (F) The term "capital improvement" means 194 improvements that are affixed to or attached to and 195 become a part of a building or structure or the real

196 property or which add utility to real property or any 197 part thereof and that last, or are intended to be 198 relatively permanent. As used herein, "relatively 199 permanent" means lasting at least a year or longer in 200 duration without the necessity for regularly scheduled 201 recurring service to maintain such capital improve-202 ment. "Regular recurring service" means regularly 203 scheduled service intervals of less than one year.

204 (G) Contracting does not include the furnishing of 205work, or both materials and work in the nature of 206hookup, connection, installation or other services if 207such service is incidental to the retail sale of tangible 208 personal property from the service provider's inven-209tory: Provided, That such hook-up, connection or 210 installation of the foregoing is incidental to the sale of the same and performed by the seller thereof or 211 212performed in accordance with arrangements made by 213 the seller thereof. Examples of transactions that are 214 excluded from the definition of contracting pursuant 215hereto include, but are not limited to, the sale of wall-216 to-wall carpeting and the installation of wall-to-wall 217carpeting, the sale, hookup, and connection of mobile 218 homes, window air conditioning units, dishwashers, 219clothing washing machines or dryers, other household 220appliances, drapery rods, window shades, venetian 221blinds, canvas awnings, free standing industrial or 222commercial equipment and other similar items of 223tangible personal property. Repairs made to the 224foregoing are within the definition of contracting if 225such repairs involve permanently affixing to or 226improving real property or something attached thereto 227 which extends the life of the real property or some-228thing affixed thereto or allows or is intended to allow 229such real property or thing permanently attached 230thereto to remain in service for a year or longer.

(p) "Manufacturing" means a systematic operation
or integrated series of systematic operations engaged
in as a business or segment of a business which
transforms or converts tangible personal property by
physical, chemical or other means into a different

236 form, composition or character from that in which it237 originally existed.

(q) "Transportation" means the act or process of
conveying, as a commercial enterprise, passengers or
goods from one place or geographical location to
another place or geographical location.

242 (r) "Transmission" means the act or process of 243 causing liquid, natural gas or electricity to pass or be 244 conveyed from one place or geographical location to 245 another place or geographical location through a 246 pipeline or other medium for commercial purposes.

(s) "Communication" means all telephone, radio,
light, light wave, radio telephone, telegraph and other
communication or means of communication, whether
used for voice communication, computer data transmission or other encoded symbolic information
transfers and shall include commercial broadcast
radio, commercial broadcast television and cable
television.

(t) "Production of natural resources" means the performance, by either the owner of the natural resources or another, of the act or process of exploring, developing, severing, extracting, reducing to possession and loading for shipment for sale, profit or commercial use of any natural resource products and any reclamation, waste disposal or environmental activities associated therewith.

§11-15-4b. Liability of purchaser; assessment and collection.

1 If any purchaser refuses or otherwise does not pay 2 to the vendor the tax imposed by section three of this 3 article, or in the case of a sale subject to section nine-4 c of this article, a purchaser refuses to sign and 5 present to the vendor a proper certificate indicating 6 the sale is not subject to this tax, or signs or presents 7 to the vendor a false certificate, or after signing and 8 presenting a proper certificate uses the items pur-9 chased in such manner that the sale would be subject 10 to the tax, he shall be personally liable for the amount 11 of tax applicable to the transaction or transactions:

12 Provided, That nothing herein relieves any purchaser13 who owes the tax and who has not paid the tax14 imposed by section three of this article from liability15 therefor.

16 In such cases the tax commissioner has authority to 17 make an assessment against such purchaser, based 18 upon any information within his possession or that 19 may come into his possession. This assessment and 20 notice thereof shall be made and given in accordance 21 with sections seven and eight, article ten of this 22 chapter.

23 This section may not be construed as relieving the 24 vendor from liability for the tax.

§11-15-7. Tax on gross proceeds of sales or value of manufactured, etc., products.

1 (a) A person exercising the privilege of producing 2 for sale, profit or commercial use, any natural resour-3 ces, product or manufactured product, and either 4 engaged in the business of selling such product not 5 otherwise exempted herein, or engaged in a business 6 or activity in which such natural resource, product or 7 manufactured product is used or consumed by him 8 and such use or consumption is not otherwise exempt 9 under this article, shall make returns of the gross 10 proceeds of such sales or, in the absence of sale, the 11 gross value of the natural resource, product or manu-12 factured product, so used or consumed by him, and 13 pay the tax imposed by this article.

(b) The tax commissioner shall promulgate such
uniform and equitable rules as he deems necessary for
determining the gross value upon which the tax
imposed by this article is levied in the absence of a
sale, which value shall correspond as nearly as possible
to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products
of like quality or character by the same person or by
another person.

(c) The provisions of this section, as amended by this
act, shall apply to natural resources, products or
manufactured products, used or consumed by the
producer or manufacturer thereof on or after the first
day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

§11-15-8a. Contractors.

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1 (a) The provisions of this article shall not apply to 2 contracting services. However, purchases by a contrac-3 tor of tangible personal property or taxable services 4 for use or consumption in the providing of a contract-5 ing service shall be taxable beginning the first day of 6 March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, except 7 as otherwise provided in this article.

8 (b) *Transition rules.* — The exemption from pay-9 ment of tax on purchases of tangible personal property 10 or taxable services directly used or consumed in the 11 activity of contracting, as defined in section two of this 12 article, which expires as of the first day of March, one 13 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall nevertheless 14 remain in effect with respect to:

15 (1) Tangible personal property or taxable services 16 purchased by a contractor on or after said first day of 17 March in fulfillment of a written contract for contract-18 ing, as defined in section two of this article, that was 19 executed and legally binding on the parties thereto on 20 or before the fifteenth day of February, one thousand 21 nine hundred eighty-nine; or in fulfillment of a 22 written contract entered into after the said fifteenth 23 day of February pursuant to a written bid for con-24 tracting that was made on or before the said fifteenth 25 day of February that was binding on the contractor, 26but only to the extent that the bid is subsequently 27 incorporated into a written contract; or

(2) Tangible personal property or taxable services
purchased by a contractor on or after the said first day
of March pursuant to a written contract executed on
or before the fifteenth day of February, one thousand
nine hundred eight-nine, to purchase in specified
quantities identified tangible personal property or
specified taxable services; or

(3) Tangible personal property or taxable services
purchased by a contractor for consumption or use in
fulfillment of a written contract entered into before
the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, when such contract is for the

40 construction of a new improvement to real property
41 the construction or operation of which was approved
42 by a federal or state regulatory body prior to the first
43 day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty44 nine, or pursuant to a federal grant awarded prior to
45 such first day of February.

46 (c) Renewals and extensions. — A renewal of any 47 contract shall constitute a new contract for purposes of 48 this section, and the date of entry into a contract 49 renewal by the parties, the date or dates of tender of 50 consideration and the time of performance of any 51 contractual obligations under a renewed contract shall 52 be treated as the dates for determining application of 53 this section to the renewed contract. Extensions of 54 time granted or agreed upon by the parties to a 55 contract for performance of the contract or for tender 56 of consideration under the contract shall not be 57 treated as contract renewals. Contracts to which such 58 extensions apply shall be treated under these transi-59 tion rules as if the original contractual provisions for performance and tender of consideration remain in 60 61 effect.

62 (d) *Definitions*. — For purposes of this section:

63 (1) The term "contract" or "contracts" means 64 written agreements reciting or setting forth a fixed 65 price consideration or a consideration based upon cost 66 plus a stated percentage or a stated monetary incre-67 ment. This term shall not mean or include ongoing 68 sales contracts, contracts whereby any element of the 69 consideration or the property or services sold or to be 70 rendered in performance of the contract are unde-71 fined, or determined, as to either nature or quantity, 72 subsequent to the making of the contract, or any open-73 ended contract.

(2) The term "contract renewal" or "renewal"
means a covenant or agreement entered into or
assumed by parties which have a current contractual
relation or which have had a past contractual relation,
whereby the parties agree to incur obligations beyond
those which they were, or would have been, required,

at the minimum, to carry out under their current orpast contractual relation.

§11-15-8b. Nonresident contractor – registration, bond, etc.

1 (a) Every nonresident contractor shall register with 2 the tax commissioner, prior to engaging in the perfor-3 mance of a contract in this state.

4 (b)(1) At the time of registration, the contractor shall 5 deposit with the tax commissioner six percent of the 6 amount the contractor is to receive for the perfor-7 mance of the contract which shall be held within a 8 Contractors Use Tax Fund pending the completion of 9 the contract, the determination of the taxes due this 10 state under this article and article fifteen-a of this 11 chapter because of such contract and the payment of 12 the tax.

(2) In lieu of the deposit, the contractor may provide
a corporate surety bond to be approved by the tax
commissioner as to form, sufficiency, value, amount,
stability, and other features necessary to provide a
guarantee of payment of the compensating tax due
this state.

(c) In addition, within thirty days after registration, under this section, the contractor shall file a statement with the tax commissioner itemizing the machinery, materials, supplies, and equipment that he has or will have on hand at the time he begins the fulfillment of the contract, including where such tangible personal property has been brought, shipped, or transported from outside this state upon which neither the tax imposed by this article or article fifteen-a of this chapter has been paid, and shall pay the tax due thereon at the time of filing and thereafter shall report and pay the taxes as required by this article and article fifteen-a of this chapter.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

1 The following sales and services are exempt:

2 (a) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to 3 consumers through mains or pipes, and sales of 4 electricity;

5 (b) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of 6 the schools of this state or in any institution in this 7 state which qualifies as a nonprofit or educational 8 institution subject to the West Virginia department of 9 education or West Virginia board of regents;

10 (c) Sales of property or services to the state, its
11 institutions or subdivisions, and to the United States,
12 including agencies of federal, state or local govern13 ments for distribution in public welfare or relief work;

(d) Sales of vehicles which are titled by the department of motor vehicles and which are subject to the
tax imposed by section four, article three, chapter
seventeen-a of this code, or like tax;

(e) Sales of property or services to churches and
bona fide charitable organizations who make no
charge whatsoever for the services they render: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall
apply only to services, equipment, supplies, food for
meals and materials directly used or consumed by
these organizations, and shall not apply to purchases of
gasoline or special fuel;

(f) Sales of tangible personal property or services to
a corporation or organization which has a current
registration certificate issued under article twelve of
this chapter, is exempt from federal income taxes
under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is:

32 (1) A church or a convention or association of
33 churches as defined in section 170 of the Internal
34 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(2) An elementary or secondary school which maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and has a
regularly enrolled body of pupils or students in
attendance at the place in this state where its educational activities are regularly carried on;

40 (3) A corporation or organization which annually
41 receives more than one half of its support from any
42 combination of gifts, grants, direct or indirect charita43 ble contributions, or membership fees; or

(4) An organization which has no paid employees
and its gross income from fund raisers, less reasonable
and necessary expenses incurred to raise such gross
income (or the tangible personal property or services
purchases with such net income), is donated to an
organization which is exempt from income taxes
under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

52 (5) For purposes of this subsection:

53 (A) The term "support" includes, but is not limited 54 to:

55 (i) Gifts, grants, contributions or membership fees;

(ii) Gross receipts from fund raisers which include
receipts from admissions, sales of merchandise, performance of services or furnishing of facilities in any
activity which is not an unrelated trade or business
(within the meaning of section 513 of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986, as amended);

(iii) Net income from unrelated business activities,
whether or not such activities are carried on regularly
as a trade or business;

(iv) Gross investment income as defined in section
509(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
amended;

(v) Tax revenues levied for the benefit of a corporation or organization either paid to or expended on
behalf of such organization; and

(vi) The value of services or facilities (exclusive of services or facilities generally furnished to the public without charge) furnished by a governmental unit referred to in section 170(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to an organization without charge. This term does not include any gain from the sale or other disposition of property which would be considered as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset, or the value of an exemption from any federal, state or local tax or any similar benefit;

81 (B) The term "charitable contribution" means a

82 contribution or gift to or for the use of a corporation
83 or organization, described in section 170(c)(2) of the
84 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(C) The term "membership fee" does not include
any amounts paid for tangible personal property or
specific services rendered to members by the corporation or organization;

89 (6) The exemption allowed by this subsection (f) does 90 not apply to sales of gasoline or special fuel or to sales 91 of tangible personal property or services to be used or 92 consumed in the generation of unrelated business 93 income as defined in section 513 of the Internal 94 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The provisions of 95 this subsection as amended by this act shall apply to 96 sales made after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eight-nine: Provided, That the 97 98 exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, 99 equipment, supplies and materials used or consumed 100 in the activities for which such organizations qualify 101 as tax exempt organizations under the Internal Reve-102 nue Code by these organizations and shall not apply to 103purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

104 (g) Sales of property or services to persons engaged 105 in this state in the business of manufacturing, trans-106 portation, transmission, communication or in the 107 production of natural resources: Provided, That the 108 exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, 109machinery, supplies and materials directly used or 110 consumed in the businesses or organizations named 111 above, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or 112special fuel: Provided, however, That on and after the 113 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-114 seven, the exemption provided in this subsection shall apply only to services, machinery, supplies and mate-115 rials directly used or consumed in the activities of 116 manufacturing, transportation, transmission, commu-117 118 nication or the production of natural resources in the 119 businesses or organizations named above and shall not 120apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

121 (h) An isolated transaction in which any taxable

122 service or any tangible personal property is sold, 123 transferred, offered for sale or delivered by the owner 124 thereof or by his representative for the owner's 125 account, such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery 126 not being made in the ordinary course of repeated and 127successive transactions of like character by such owner 128or on his account by such representative: *Provided*, 129That nothing contained herein may be construed to 130prevent an owner who sells, transfers or offers for sale 131 tangible personal property in an isolated transaction 132 through an auctioneer from availing himself or herself 133 of the exemption provided herein, regardless where 134 such isolated sale takes place. The tax commissioner 135 may adopt such legislative rule pursuant to chapter 136twenty-nine-a of this code he deems necessary for the 137efficient administration of this exemption;

(i) Sales of tangible personal property or of any
taxable services rendered for use or consumption in
connection with the commercial production of an
agricultural product the ultimate sale of which will be
subject to the tax imposed by this article or which
would have been subject to tax under this article: *Provided*, That sales of tangible personal property and
services to be used or consumed in the construction of
or permanent improvement to real property and sales
of gasoline and special fuel shall not be exempt;

148 (i) Sales of tangible personal property to a person for 149 the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal 150 property: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special 151 fuel by distributors and importers shall be taxable 152 except when the sale is to another distributor for 153 resale: Provided, however, That sales of building 154 materials or building supplies or other property to any person engaging in the activity of contracting, as 155156 defined in this article, which is to be installed in, 157 affixed to or incorporated by such person or his agent 158 into any real property, building or structure shall not 159 be exempt under this subsection, except that sales of 160 tangible personal property to a person engaging in the 161 activity of contracting pursuant to a written contract 162with the United States, this state, or with a political

163 subdivision thereof, or with a public corporation 164 created by the Legislature or by another government 165 entity pursuant to an act of the Legislature, for a 166 building or structure (or improvement thereto) or 167 other improvement to real property that is or will be 168 owned and used by the governmental entity for a 169 governmental or proprietary purpose, who incorpo-170 rates such property in such building, structure or 171 improvement shall, with respect to such tangible 172 personal property, nevertheless be deemed to be the 173 vendor of such property to the governmental entity 174 and any person seeking to qualify for and assert this 175 exception must do so pursuant to such legislative rules 176 and regulations as the tax commissioner may promul-177gate and upon such forms as the tax commissioner 178 may prescribe. A subcontractor who, pursuant to a 179 written subcontract with a prime contractor who 180 qualifies for this exception, provides equipment, or 181 materials, and labor to such a prime contractor shall 182 be treated in the same manner as the prime contractor 183 is treated with respect to the prime contract under 184 this exception and the legislative rules and regulations 185 promulgated by the tax commissioner;

186 (k) Sales of property or services to nationally
187 chartered fraternal or social organizations for the sole
188 purpose of free distribution in public welfare or relief
189 work: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel
190 shall be taxable;

(1) Sales and services, fire fighting or station house
equipment, including construction and automotive,
made to any volunteer fire department organized and
incorporated under the laws of the state of West
Virginia: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special
fuel shall be taxable;

(m) Sales of newspapers when delivered to consu-mers by route carriers;

(n) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription andsales of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;

201 (o) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time, 202 preprinted advertising circulars and newspaper and 203 outdoor advertising space for the advertisement of 204 goods or services;

205 (p) Sales and services performed by day-care centers;

(q) Casual and occasional sales of property or
services not conducted in a repeated manner or in the
ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character by a corporation or organization
which is exempt from tax under subsection (f) of this
section on its purchases of tangible personal property
or services:

213 (1) For purposes of this subsection, the term "casual 214 and occasional sales not conducted in repeated manner 215or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive 216 transactions of like character" means sales of tangible 217personal property or services at fund raisers sponsored 218by a corporation or organization which is exempt, 219 under subsection (f) of this section, from payment of 220 the tax imposed by this article on its purchases, when 221 such fund raisers are of limited duration and are held 222no more than six times during any twelve-month 223period and limited duration means no more than 224eighty-four consecutive hours;

(2) The provisions of this subsection (q), as amended
by this act, shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth
day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine;

(r) Sales of property or services to a school which
has approval from the West Virginia board of regents
to award degrees, which has its principal campus in
this state, and which is exempt from federal and state
income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: *Provided*, That
sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;

(s) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by purchasers as their principal year-round residence and dwelling: *Provided*, That these mobile homes shall be
subject to tax at the three-percent/rate;

(t) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed
lottery sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by
the state lottery commission, under the provisions of
article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

(u) Leases of motor vehicles titled pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code to lessees for a period of thirty or more consecutive days. This exemption shall apply to leases executed on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and to payments under long-term leases executed before such date, for months thereof beginning on or after such date;

(v) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of this section or any provisions of this article to the contrary, sales of property and services to persons subject to tax under article thirteen, thirteen-a or thirteen-b of this chapter: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply both to property or services directly or not directly used or consumed in the conduct of privileges which are subject to tax under such articles but shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

261 (w) Sales of propane to consumers for poultry house 262 heating purposes, with any seller to such consumer 263who may have prior paid such tax in his price, to not 264 pass on the same to the consumer, but to make application and receive refund of such tax from the 265266 tax commissioner, pursuant to rules and regulations 267which shall be promulgated by the tax commissioner; 268and notwithstanding the provisions of section eighteen 269of this article or any other provisions of such article to 270the contrary;

271(x) Any sales of tangible personal property or 272 services purchased after the thirtieth day of Septem-273ber, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and 274 lawfully paid for with food stamps pursuant to the 275federal food stamp program codified in 7 United States 276 Code, §2011, et seq., as amended, or with drafts issued 277through the West Virginia special supplemental food 278program for women, infants and children codified in 27942 United States Code, §1786;

(y) Sales of tickets for activities sponsored by
elementary and secondary schools located within this
state;

283(z) Sales of electronic data processing services and 284 related software: Provided, That for the purposes of 285 this subsection (z) "electronic data processing servi-286 ces'' means (1) the processing of another's data, 287 including all processes incident to processing of data 288 such as keypunching, keystroke verification, rearrang-289 ing or sorting of previously documented data for the 290 purpose of data entry or automatic processing, and 291 changing the medium on which data is sorted, 292 whether these processes are done by the same person 293or several persons; and (2) providing access to com-294 puter equipment for the purpose of processing data or 295 examining or acquiring data stored in or accessible to 296 such computer equipment;

297 (aa) Tuition charged for attending educational298 summer camps;

299(bb) Sales of building materials or building supplies 300 or other property to an organization qualified under 301 section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code 302 of 1986, as amended, which are to be installed in, 303 affixed to or incorporated by such organization or its 304 agent into real property, or into a building or structure 305 which is or will be used as permanent low-income 306 housing, transitional housing, emergency homeless shelter, domestic violence shelter or emergency chil-307308 dren and youth shelter if such shelter is owned, managed, developed or operated by an organization 309 310 qualified under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the 311 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

312(cc) Dispensing of services performed by one corpo-313 ration for another corporation when both corporations 314 are members of the same controlled group. Control 315means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the total combined 316voting power of all classes of the stock of a corporation 317318 entitled to vote or ownership, directly or indirectly, of 319stock possessing fifty percent or more of the value of 320the corporation;

321 (dd) Food for the following shall be exempt:

322 (1) Food purchased or sold by public or private

schools, school sponsored student organizations, or
school sponsored parent-teacher associations to students enrolled in such school or to employees of such
school during normal school hours; but not those sales
of food made to the general public;

(2) Food purchased or sold by a public or private college or university or by a student organization officially recognized by such college or university to students enrolled at such college or university when such sales are made on a contract basis so that a fixed price is paid for consumption of food products for a specific period of time without respect to the amount of food product actually consumed by the particular individual contracting for the sale and no money is paid at the time the food product is served or consumed;

(3) Food purchased or sold by a nonprofit organization or a governmental agency under a program
funded by a state or the United States to low-income
elderly persons at or below cost;

(4) Food sold in an occasional sale by a charitable or
nonprofit organization including volunteer fire departments and rescue squads, if the purpose of the sale is
to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of
the organization and the revenue so obtained is
actually expended for that purpose;

(5) Food sold by any religious organization at a social or other gathering conducted by it or under its auspices, if the purpose in selling the food is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the organization and the revenue obtained from selling the food is actually used in carrying on such functions and activities: *Provided*, That purchases made by such organizations shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale;

(ee) Sales of food by little leagues, midget football
leagues, youth football or soccer leagues and similar
types of organizations including scouting groups and
church youth groups if the purpose in selling the food
is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of

363 the organization and the revenues obtained from
364 selling the food is actually used in supporting or
365 carrying on functions and activities of the groups:
366 *Provided*, That such purchases made by a such organ367 izations shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale;

368 (ff) Charges for room and meals by fraternities and
369 sororities to their members: *Provided*, That such
370 purchases made by a fraternity or sorority shall not be
371 exempt as a purchase for resale;

(gg) Sales of or charges for the transportation ofpassengers in interstate commerce;

(hh) Sales of tangible personal property or services
to any person which this state is prohibited from
taxing under the laws of the United States or under
the constitution of this state; and

(ii) Sales of tangible personal property or services to
any person who claims exemption from the tax
imposed by this article or article fifteen-a of this
chapter pursuant to the provisions of any other
chapter of this code.

§11-15-9b. Method for claiming exemptions, refunds of tax, credit against other taxes.

1 (a) Any person having a right or claim to any 2 exemption set forth in section nine of this article 3 except those exemptions set forth in subsections (a), 4 (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), (n), (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), 5 (t), (u), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg), 6 (hh), and (ii) of said section nine, or the exemption of 7 sales of property or services to churches under subsec-8 tion (e) of said section nine, shall pay to the vendor the 9 tax imposed by this article and may exercise or assert 10 such exemption only in accordance with subsection (b) 11 or subsection (c) of this section.

12 (b) Any person who has paid the tax imposed by this 13 article and who may lawfully claim exemption from 14 the tax under a subsection of section nine of this 15 article not enumerated in subsection (a) of this section 16 may exercise or assert such claim by filing a claim for 17 refund of consumers sales and service tax overpay-

18 ments on such form and in such manner as the tax
19 commissioner may require and in accordance with the
20 requirements of this section. The tax commissioner
21 shall cause a refund to be made within thirty days of
22 receipt of a lawful and accurate claim.

(c) In lieu of filing a claim for refund of consumers
sales and service tax overpayments, the taxpayer may,
at his option, file a claim for credit on such form and
in such manner as the tax commissioner may require
and credit the amount of consumers sales and service
tax overpayments against certain payments of tax due
in accordance with the requirements of this section as
follows:

(1) If the taxpayer is required to remit the tax
imposed under this article or article fifteen-a of this
chapter pursuant to section five or subsection (b) of
section nine-d of this article or subsection (b) of
section three-d of said article fifteen-a, the taxpayer
may credit the amount of consumers sales and service
tax overpayments against the remittance of the tax
imposed under said articles otherwise due; or

(2) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed
under article thirteen of this chapter, the taxpayer
may credit the amount of consumers sales and service
tax overpayments remaining after application of part
(1) of this subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly
or monthly remittance of the tax imposed under said
article thirteen otherwise due; or

46 (3) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed
47 under article twelve-a of this chapter, the taxpayer
48 may credit the amount of consumers sales and service
49 tax overpayments remaining after application of parts
50 (1) and (2) of this subsection against the taxpayer's
51 annual or semiannual remittance of the tax imposed
52 under said article twelve-a otherwise due; or

53 (4) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed 54 under article thirteen-a of this chapter, the taxpayer 55 may credit the amount of consumers sales and service 56 tax overpayments remaining after application of parts 57 (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection against the taxpayer's 58 quarterly or monthly remittance of the tax imposed59 under said article thirteen-a otherwise due; or

60 (5) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed 61 under article thirteen-b of this chapter, the taxpayer 62 may credit the amount of consumers sales and service 63 tax overpayments remaining after application of parts 64 (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection against the 65 taxpayer's quarterly or monthly remittance of the tax 66 imposed under said article thirteen-b otherwise due; 67 or

68 (6) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed 69 under article twenty-four of this chapter, the taxpayer 70 may credit the amount of consumers sales and service 71 tax overpayments remaining after application of parts 72 (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of this subsection against the 73 taxpayer's installment of estimated tax imposed under 74 said article twenty-four and otherwise due under 75 section seventeen, article twenty-four of this chapter; 76 or

(7) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed
under article twenty-one of this chapter, the taxpayer
may credit the amount of consumers sales and service
tax overpayments remaining after application of parts
(1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) of this subsection against the
taxpayer's installment of estimated tax imposed under
said article twenty-one and otherwise due under
section fifty-six, article twenty-one of this chapter; or

(8) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed
under article twenty-three of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and
service tax overpayments remaining after application
of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection
against the taxpayer's annual remittance of the tax
imposed under said article twenty-three and otherwise
due; or

93 (9) If the taxpayer is required to deduct and with-94 hold tax under article twenty-one of this chapter, the 95 taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales 96 and service tax overpayments remaining after applica-97 tion of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7) and (8) of this

98 subsection against the taxpayer's monthly remittance99 of the tax withheld under said article twenty-one and100 otherwise due.

101 (d) Any person asserting or exercising a claim of 102 exemption from the tax imposed by this article under 103 subsections (b) or (c) of this section shall file with the 104 tax commissioner an application for exemption in such 105 form as the tax commissioner shall prescribe and such 106 affidavits, invoices, sales slips, records or documents as 107 the tax commissioner may require to prove or verify 108 the taxpayer's right and entitlement to such exemp-109 tion. The tax commissioner may inspect or examine 110 the records, books, papers, documents, affidavits, sales 111 slips and invoices of a taxpayer or any other person to 112 verify the truth and accuracy of any report or return 113 or to ascertain whether the tax imposed by this article 114 has been paid.

115 In addition to the powers of the tax commissioner 116 set forth in article ten of this chapter, as a further 117 means of obtaining the records, books, papers, docu-118 ments, affidavits, sales slips or invoices of a taxpayer 119 or any other person and ascertaining the amount of 120 taxes paid or due under this article or any report, 121 form, document or affidavit required under this 122article, the commissioner shall have the power to 123 examine witnesses under oath; and if any witness shall 124 fail or refuse at the request of the commissioner to 125grant access to the books, records, papers, documents, 126affidavits, sales slips or invoices requested by the 127commissioner, the commissioner shall certify the facts 128and the names to the circuit court of the county 129having jurisdiction over the party and such court shall 130 thereupon issue a subpoena duces tecum to such party 131 to appear before the commissioner, at a place desig-132nated within the jurisdiction of such court, on a day 133fixed.

(e) All claims for refund of consumers sales and
service tax overpayments under subsection (b) of this
section shall be filed within the time limitation for
filing claims for refund set forth at section fourteen,
article ten of this chapter. Any claim for such refund

139 or claim of entitlement to such refund made or
140 asserted after the said time limitation shall be null and
141 void, and if the consumers sales and service tax
142 overpayment has not otherwise been credited against
143 tax remittances in accordance with this section, the
144 said claims shall be forfeited.

145 (f) Any credit of consumers sales and service tax 146 overpayments against taxes under subsection (c) of 147 this section shall be taken within one year after the 148 payment of the said consumers sales and service tax 149 by the consumer to the vendor. Any such credit or 150 claim of entitlement to such credit made or asserted 151 more than one year after the payment of such tax by 152 the consumer to the vendor shall be null and void, and 153 such consumers sales and service tax overpayments 154 shall be forfeited unless refunded under subsection (b) 155 of this section.

156 (g) Any assignment of the right or entitlement to a 157 refund or credit arising under this section shall be 158 subject to strict proof, and any assignee claiming a 159 right or entitlement to an assigned refund or credit 160 shall submit an affidavit in such form as the tax 161 commissioner shall prescribe signed by the assignor 162 acknowledging the assignment. The assignee shall 163 attest to the assignment and the terms thereof on his 164 signed application filed under subsection (d) of this 165 section for refund or credit, and will be subject to the 166 penalties provided under West Virginia law for per-167 jury for any falsehood set forth therein and will be 168 subject to the penalties set forth in article nine of this 169 chapter for any violation thereof. Except as provided 170 in this subsection (g), no payment of a refund arising 171 under this section shall be made to any person other 172 than the taxpayer making the original overpayment of 173 consumers sales and service tax.

(h) No refund shall be due and no credit shall be
allowed under this section unless the taxpayer or
assignee shall have filed a claim for refund or a claim
for credit, as appropriate, with the tax commissioner
in accordance with this section.

(i) Any claim for a refund of consumers sales and service tax overpayments or for a tax credit for consumers sales and service tax overpayments which is not timely filed or not filed in proper form or in accordance with the requirements of this section shall not be construed to constitute a moral obligation of the state of West Virginia for payment. No overpayment of consumers sales and service tax made under this section shall be subject to subsection (d), section seventeen, article ten of this chapter or paragraph (e)(1), section seventeen, article ten of this chapter.

(j) The provisions of this section become effectiveafter the thirtieth day of June, one thousand ninehundred eighty-seven.

§11-15-9c. Delivery of a certificate of exemption in lieu of tax.

1 Persons having a right or claim to any exemption set 2 forth in subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), 3 (n), (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), 4 (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg), (hh), and (ii) of section nine of this article shall, in lieu of paying the tax imposed 5 6 by this article, execute a certificate of exemption in such form as the tax commissioner may require, and 7 such executed exemption certificate shall be delivered 8 9 to the vendor in such manner as the tax commissioner 10 may require: Provided, That the tax commissioner 11 may identify exemptions for which exemption certif-12 icates are not required and as soon as practical may 13 specify by regulation exemptions for which exemption 14 certificates are not required.

§11-15-9d. Direct pay permits.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 2 article, the tax commissioner may, pursuant to rules 3 and regulations promulgated by him in accordance 4 with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, 5 authorize a person (as defined in section two) that is 6 a user, consumer, distributor or lessee to which sales 7 or leases of tangible personal property are made or 8 services provided, to pay any tax levied by this article 9 or article fifteen-a of this chapter directly to the tax 10 commissioner and waive the collection of the tax by 11 that person's vendor. No such authority shall be 12 granted or exercised except upon application to the tax 13 commissioner and after issuance by the tax commis-14 sioner of a direct pay permit. Upon issuance of such 15 direct pay permit, payment of the tax imposed or 16 assertion of the exemptions allowed by this article or 17 article fifteen-a of this chapter on sales and leases of 18 tangible personal property and sales of taxable services 19 from the vendors thereof shall be made directly to the 20 tax commissioner by the permit holder.

21 (b) On or before the fifteenth day of each month, 22 every permit holder shall make and file with the tax 23 commissioner a consumer sales and use tax direct pay 24 permit return for the preceding month in the form 25 prescribed by the tax commissioner showing the total 26 value of the tangible personal property so used, the 27 amount of taxable services purchased, the amount of 28 consumers sales and use taxes due from the permit 29 holder, which amount shall be paid to the tax commis-30 sioner with such return, and such other information as 31 the tax commissioner deems necessary: Provided, That 32 if the amount of consumers sales and use taxes due 33 averages less than one hundred dollars per month, the 34 tax commissioner may permit the filing of quarterly 35 returns in lieu of monthly returns and the amount of 36 tax shown thereon to be due shall be remitted on or 37 before the fifteenth day following the close of the 38 calendar quarter; and if the amount due averages less 39 than fifty dollars per calendar quarter, the tax commissioner may permit the filing of an annual direct 40 41 pay permit return and the amount of tax shown 42 thereon to be due shall be remitted on or before the 43 last day of January each year. The tax commissioner, 44 upon written request by the permit holder, may grant 45 a reasonable extension of time, upon such terms as the 46 tax commissioner may require, for the making and 47 filing of direct pay permit returns and paying the tax 48 due. Interest on such tax shall be chargeable on every 49 such extended payment at the rate specified in section 50 seventeen, article ten of this chapter.

(c) A permit issued pursuant to this section shall continue to be valid until expiration of the taxpayers registration year under article twelve of this chapter. This permit shall automatically be renewed when the taxpayers business registration certificate is issued for the next succeeding fiscal year, unless the permit is surrendered by the holder or canceled for cause by the tax commissioner.

59 (d) Persons who hold a direct payment permit which 60 has not been canceled shall not be required to pay the 61 tax to the vendor as otherwise provided in this article 62 or article fifteen-a of this chapter. Such persons shall 63 notify each vendor from whom tangible personal 64 property is purchased or leased or from whom services 65 are purchased of their direct payment permit number 66 and that the tax is being paid directly to the tax 67 commissioner. Upon receipt of such notice, such 68 vendor shall be absolved from all duties and liabilities 69 imposed by this chapter for the collection and remit-70 tance of the tax with respect to sales, of tangible 71 personal property and sales of services to such permit 72 holder. Vendors who make sales upon which the tax is 73 not collected by reason of the provisions of this section 74 shall maintain records in such manner that the 75 amount involved and identity of each such purchaser 76 may be ascertained.

77 (e) Upon the expiration, cancellation or surrender of 78 a direct payment permit, the provisions of this chap-79 ter, without regard to this section, shall thereafter 80 apply to the person who previously held such permit, 81 and such person shall promptly so notify in writing 82 vendors from whom tangible personal property or 83 services are purchased or leased of such cancellation 84 or surrender. Upon receipt of such notice, the vendor 85 shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter, 86 without regard to this section, with respect to all sales, distributions, leases or storage of tangible personal 87 property, thereafter made to or for such person. 88

§11-15-18. Tax on gasoline and special fuel.

1 (a) General. — All sales of gasoline or special fuel

2 by distributors or importers, except when to another 3 distributor for resale in this state, when delivery is 4 made in this state, shall be subject to the tax imposed 5 by this article, notwithstanding any provision of this 6 article to the contrary. Sales of gasoline or special fuel 7 by a person who paid the tax imposed by this article 8 on his purchases of fuel, shall not thereafter be again 9 taxed under the provisions of this article. This section 10 shall be construed so that all gallons of gasoline or 11 special fuel sold and delivered, or delivered, in this 12 state are taxed one time.

13 (b) Measure of tax. — The measure of tax on sales 14 of gasoline or special fuel by distributors or importers 15 shall be the average wholesale price as defined and 16 determined in subsection (c), section thirteen, article 17 fifteen-a of this chapter. For purposes of maintaining 18 revenue for highways, and recognizing that the tax 19 imposed by this article is generally imposed on gross 20 proceeds from sales to ultimate consumers, whereas 21 the tax on gasoline and special fuel herein is imposed 22 on the average wholesale price of such gasoline and 23 special fuel; in no case, for the purposes of taxation 24 under this article, shall such average wholesale price 25 be deemed to be less than ninety-seven cents per 26 gallon of gasoline or special fuel for all gallons of 27 gasoline and special fuel sold during the reporting 28 period, notwithstanding any provision of this article to 29 the contrary.

30 (c) *Definitions*. — For purposes of this section:

(1) "Aircraft" shall include any airplane or helicopter that lands in this state on a regular or routine
basis, and transports passengers or freight.

34 (2) "Aircraft fuel" shall mean gasoline and special35 fuel suitable for use in any aircraft engine.

36 (3) "Distributor" shall mean and include every37 person:

(A) Who produces, manufactures, processes or otherwise alters gasoline or special fuel in this state for use
or for sale; or

(B) Who engages in this state in the sale of gasolineor special fuel for the purpose of resale or for distri-bution; or

44 (C) Who receives gasoline or special fuel into the 45 cargo tank of a tank wagon in this state for use or sale 46 by such person.

(4) "Gasoline" shall mean and include any product commonly or commercially known as gasoline, regardless of classification, suitable for use as fuel in an internal combustion engine, except special fuel as hereinafter defined, including any product obtained by blending together any one or more products, with or without other products, if the resultant product is capable of the same use.

(5) "Importer" shall mean and include every person, resident or nonresident, other than a distributor, who receives gasoline or special fuel outside this state for use, sale or consumption within this state, but shall not include the fuel in the supply tank of a motor vehicle that is not a motor carrier.

61 (6) "Motor carrier" shall mean and include: (A) Any 62 passenger vehicle which has seats for more than nine 63 passengers in addition to the driver, any road tractor, 64 tractor truck or any truck having more than two axles, 65 which is operated or caused to be operated, by any 66 person on any highway in this state using gasoline or 67 special fuel; and (B) any aircraft, barge or other 68 watercraft, or locomotive transporting passengers or 69 freight in or through this state.

(7) "Motor vehicle" shall mean and include automobiles, motor carriers, motor trucks, motorcycles and all
other vehicles or equipment, engines or machines
which are operated or propelled by combustion of
gasoline or special fuel.

(8) "Retail dealer of gasoline or special fuel" shall
mean and include any person not a distributor, who
sells gasoline or special fuel from a fixed location in
this state to users.

79 (9) "Special fuel" shall mean and include any gas or

80 liquid, other than gasoline, used or suitable for use as 81 fuel in an internal combustion engine. The term 82 "special fuel" shall include products commonly known 83 as natural or casinghead gasoline and shall include 84 gasoline and special fuel for heating any private residential dwelling, building or other premises; but 85 86 shall not include any petroleum product or chemical 87 compound such as alcohol, industrial solvent, heavy 88 furnace oil, lubricant, etc., not commonly used nor 89 practicably suited for use as fuel in an internal 90 combustion engine.

91 (10) "Supply tank" shall mean any receptacle on a 92 motor vehicle from which gasoline or special fuel is 93 supplied for the propulsion of the vehicle or equip-94 ment located thereon, exclusive of a cargo tank. A 95 supply tank includes a separate compartment of a 96 cargo tank used as a supply tank, and any auxiliary 97 tank or receptacle of any kind or cargo tank, from 98 which gasoline or special fuel is supplied for the 99 propulsion of the vehicle, whether or not such tank or 100 receptacle is directly connected to the fuel supply line 101 of the vehicle.

102 (11) "Tank wagon" shall mean and include any
103 motor vehicle or vessel with a cargo tank or cargo
104 tanks ordinarily used for making deliveries of gasoline
105 or special fuel, or both, for sale or use.

(12) "Taxpayer" shall mean any person liable for thetax imposed by this article.

108 (13) "User" shall mean any person who purchases109 gasoline or special fuel for use or consumption.

(d) Tax due. — The tax on sales of gasoline and
special fuel shall be paid by each taxpayer on or before
the twenty-fifth day of each month, by check, bank
draft, certified check or money order, payable to the
tax commissioner for the amount of tax due for the
preceding month, notwithstanding any provision of
this article to the contrary.

(e) Monthly return. — On or before the twenty-fifth
day of each month, the taxpayer shall make and file a

119 return for the preceding month showing such infor-120 mation as the tax commissioner may require, notwith-121 standing any provision of this article to the contrary.

122(f) Compliance. — To facilitate ease of administra-123 tion and compliance by taxpayers, the tax commis-124sioner may require distributors, importers and other persons liable for the tax imposed by this article on 125126 sales of gasoline or special fuel, to file a combined 127 return and make a combined payment of the tax due 128 under this article on sales of gasoline and special fuel, 129 and the tax due under article fourteen of this chapter, 130 on gasoline and special fuel. In order to encourage use 131 of a combined return each month and the making of 132a single payment each month for both taxes, the due 133 date of the return and tax due under article fourteen 134 of this chapter is hereby changed from the last day of 135each month to the twenty-fifth day of each month, 136 notwithstanding any provision in article fourteen of 137 this chapter to the contrary.

138 (g) Dedication of tax to highways. - All tax 139 collected under the provisions of this section after 140deducting the amount of any refunds lawfully paid, 141 shall be deposited in the "road fund" in the state 142 treasurer's office, and shall be used only for the 143 purpose of construction, reconstruction, maintenance 144 and repair of highways, and payment of principal and 145 interest on state bonds issued for highway purposes: 146 Provided, That notwithstanding any provision to the 147 contrary, any tax collected on the sale of aircraft fuel 148shall be deposited in the state treasurer's office and 149transferred to the state aeronautical commission to be 150used for the purpose of matching federal funds avail-151able for the reconstruction, maintenance and repair of 152public airports and airport runways.

153 (h) Construction. — 'This section shall not be con-154 strued as taxing any sale of gasoline or special fuel 155 which this state is prohibited from taxing under the 156 constitution of this state or the constitution or laws of 157 the United States. (i) Effective date. — The provisions of chapter one
hundred seventy-nine of the Acts of the Legislature,
one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, shall take
effect on the first day of April, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three. The amendments to this section
made by the Legislature in the Regular Session, one
thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall be effective
on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-nine.

§11-15-33. Effective Date.

1 (a) The provisions of this article as amended or 2 added by Senate Bill No. 1 took effect on the first day 3 of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 4 apply to all sales made on or after that date: *Provided*, 5 That if an effective date was expressly provided in a 6 provision of such act, that specific effective date 7 controlled in lieu of this general effective date 8 provision.

9 (b) The provisions of this article as amended or 10 added by this act shall take effect on the first day of 11 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 12 apply to all sales made on or after that date: *Provided*, 13 That if an effective date is expressly provided in such 14 provision, that specific effective date shall control in 15 lieu of this general effective date provision.

ARTICLE 15A. USE TAX.

§11-15A-2a. Tax on value of property used or consumed in this state.

1 (a) Except as otherwise provided, a person who 2 produces for sale, profit or commercial use, any 3 natural resource, product or manufactured product, 4 and uses or consumes such natural resource, product 5 or manufactured product, in this state shall make 6 returns of the gross value of the natural resource, 7 product or manufactured product, so used or con-8 sumed by him in this state, and pay the tax imposed 9 by this article, when such use or consumption is not 10 otherwise exempt under this article.

11 (b) The tax commissioner shall promulgate such

12 uniform and equitable rules as he deems necessary for 13 determining the gross value upon which the tax 14 imposed by this article is levied in the absence of a 15 sale, which value shall correspond as nearly as possible 16 to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products 17 of like quality or character by the same person or by 18 another person.

19 (c) A person who purchases or leases machinery or 20 equipment or other tangible personal property for use 21 in another state and then uses or consumes such 22 property in this state shall pay the tax imposed by this 23 article on the value of the property so used or con-24 sumed in this state. The tax commissioner shall 25 promulgate such uniform and equitable rules as he 26 deems necessary for determining the measure of the 27 tax imposed by this article with respect to such 28 property.

(d) The provisions of this section shall apply to
property used or consumed in this state on or after the
first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eightynine.

§11-15A-3b. Method for claiming exemptions, refunds of tax, credit against other taxes.

1 (a) Any person having a right or claim to an exemp-2 tion from the tax imposed by this article by reason of 3 any exemption set forth in section nine, article fifteen 4 of this chapter except those exemptions set forth in 5 subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), (n), (o), 6 (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (cc), (dd), 7 (ee), (ff) (gg), (hh) and (ii) of said section nine, shall 8 pay to the vendor the tax imposed by this article and 9 may exercise or assert such exemption only in accor-10 dance with subsection (b) or subsection (c) of this 11 section.

(b) Any person who has paid the tax imposed by this
article and who may lawfully claim under section
three of this article any exemption set forth under a
subsection of section nine of article fifteen not enumerated in subsection (a) of this section may exercise
or assert such claim by filing a claim for refund of use

18 tax overpayments on such form and in such manner19 as the tax commissioner may require and in accor-20 dance with the requirements of this section.

(c) In lieu of filing a claim for refund of use tax overpayments, the taxpayer may, at his option, file a claim for credit on such form and in such manner as the tax commissioner may require and credit the amount of use tax overpayments against certain payments of tax due in accordance with the requirements of this section as follows:

(1) If the taxpayer is required to remit the tax imposed under this article or article fifteen of this chapter pursuant to section five or subsection (b) of section nine-d of said article fifteen or subsection (b) of section three-d of this article, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments against the remittance of the tax imposed under said articles otherwise due; or

36 (2) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed 37 under article thirteen of this chapter, the taxpayer 38 may credit the amount of use tax overpayments 39 remaining after application of part (1) of this subsec-40 tion against the taxpayer's quarterly or monthly 41 remittance of the tax imposed under said article 42 thirteen otherwise due; or

43 (3) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed
44 under article twelve-a of this chapter, the taxpayer
45 may credit the amount of use tax overpayments
46 remaining after application of parts (1) and (2) of this
47 subsection against the taxpayer's annual or semian48 nual remittance of the tax imposed under said article
49 twelve-a otherwise due; or

50 (4) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed 51 under article thirteen-a of this chapter, the taxpayer 52 may credit the amount of use tax overpayments 53 remaining after application of parts (1), (2) and (3) of 54 this subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly or 55 monthly remittance of the tax imposed under said 56 article thirteen-a otherwise due; or

57 (5) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed 58 under article thirteen-b of this chapter, the taxpayer 59 may credit the amount of use tax overpayments 60 remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3) and (4) 61 of this subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly or 62 monthly remittance of the tax imposed under said 63 article thirteen-b otherwise due; or

64 (6) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed 65 under article twenty-four of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments 66 67 remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4) and 68 (5) of this subsection against the taxpayer's installment 69 of estimated tax imposed under said article twenty-70 four and otherwise due under section seventeen, 71 article twenty-four of this chapter; or

72(7) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed 73under article twenty-one of this chapter, the taxpayer 74 may credit the amount of use tax overpayments 75 remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5)76 and (6) of this subsection against the taxpayer's 77installment of estimated tax imposed under said article twenty-one and otherwise due under section fifty-six, 78 79 article twenty-one of this chapter; or

(8) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed
under article twenty-three of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments
remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5),
(6) and (7) of this subsection against the taxpayer's
annual remittance of the tax imposed under said
article twenty-three and otherwise due; or

(9) If the taxpayer is required to deduct and withhlaw hold tax under article twenty-one of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3),
(4), (5), (6), (7) and (8) of this subsection against the taxpayer's monthly remittance of the tax withheld under said article twenty-one and otherwise due.

94 (d) Any person asserting or exercising a claim of
95 exemption from the tax imposed by this article under
96 subsections (b) or (c) of this section shall file with the

97 tax commissioner an application for exemption in such 98 form as the tax commissioner shall prescribe and such 99 affidavits, invoices, sales slips, records or documents as 100 the tax commissioner may require to prove or verify 101 the taxpayer's right and entitlement to such exemp-102 tion. The tax commissioner may inspect or examine 103 the records, books, papers, documents, affidavits, sales 104 slips and invoices of a taxpayer or any other person to 105 verify the truth and accuracy of any report or return 106 or to ascertain whether the tax imposed by this article 107 or article fifteen of this chapter has been paid.

108 In addition to the powers of the tax commissioner 109 set forth in article ten of this chapter, as a further 110 means of obtaining the records, books, papers, docu-111 ments, affidavits, sales slips or invoices of a taxpayer 112 or any other person and ascertaining the amount of 113 taxes paid or due under this article or article fifteen of 114 this chapter or any report, form, document or affidavit 115 required under this article or article fifteen of this 116 chapter, the commissioner shall have the power to 117 examine witnesses under oath; and if any witness shall 118 fail or refuse at the request of the commissioner to 119grant access to the books, records, papers, documents, 120affidavits, sales slips or invoices requested by the 121commissioner, the commissioner shall certify the facts 122 and the names to the circuit court of the county 123 having jurisdiction of the party, and such court shall 124 thereupon issue a subpoena duces tecum to such party 125to appear before the commissioner, at a place desig-126 nated within the jurisdiction of such court, on a day 127fixed.

128 (e) All claims for refund of use tax overpayments 129under subsection (b) of this section shall be filed 130 within the time limitation for filing claims for refund 131 set forth at section fourteen, article ten of this chapter. 132Any claim for such refund or claim of entitlement to 133 such refund made or asserted after the said time 134 limitation shall be null and void, and if the use tax 135overpayment has not otherwise been credited against 136tax remittances in accordance with this section, the 137 said claims shall be forfeited.

(f) Any credit of use tax overpayments against taxes under subsection (c) of this section shall be taken within one year after the payment of the tax by the taxpayer to the vendor. Any such credit or claim of entitlement to such credit made or asserted more than one year after the payment of such tax by the taxpayer to the vendor shall be null and void, and such tax overpayments shall be forfeited.

(g) Any assignment of the right or entitlement to a 146 147 refund or credit arising under this section shall be 148 subject to strict proof, and any assignee claiming a 149 right or entitlement to an assigned refund or credit 150 shall submit an affidavit in such form as the tax 151 commissioner shall prescribe signed by the assignor acknowledging the assignment. The assignee shall 152153attest to the assignment and the terms thereof of his signed application filed under subsection (e) of this 154 155 section for refund or credit, and will be subject to the 156 penalties provided under West Virginia law for per-157jury for any falsehood set forth therein and will be 158 subject to the penalties set forth in article nine of this 159 chapter for any violation thereof. Except as provided 160 in this subsection (h), no payment of a refund arising 161 under this section shall be made to any person other 162than the taxpayer making the original overpayment of 163 consumers sales and service tax.

(h) No refund shall be due and no credit shall be
allowed unless the taxpayer or assignee shall have
filed a claim for refund or a claim for credit, as
appropriate, with the tax commissioner in accordance
with this section.

(i) Any claim for a refund of use tax overpayments or a tax credit for use tax overpayments which is not timely filed or not filed in proper form or in accordance with the requirements of this section shall not be construed to constitute a moral obligation of the state of West Virginia for payment. No overpayment of use tax made under this section shall be subject to subsection (d), section seventeen, article ten of this chapter, or paragraph (e)(1), section seventeen, article ten of this chapter. (j) The provisions of this section become effectiveafter the thirtieth day of June, one thousand ninehundred eighty-seven.

§11-15A-3c. Delivery of a certificate of exemption in lieu of tax.

1 Persons having a right or claim under section three, 2 of this article, to any exemption set forth in subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), (n), (o), (p), 3 4 (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg), (hh) and (ii), section nine, article fifteen of 5 6 this chapter shall, in lieu of paying the tax imposed by 7 this article, execute a certificate of exemption in such 8 form as the tax commissioner may require, and such 9 executed exemption certificate shall be delivered to 10 the vendor in such manner as the tax commissioner 11 may require: Provided, That the tax commissioner 12 may identify exemptions for which exemption certif-13 icates are not required and as soon as practical may 14 specify by regulation exemptions for which exemption certificates are not required. 15

§11-15A-6a. Collection by certain other retailers.

(a) Duty to collect tax. — For purposes of this article
 and for collection of use tax required under section six
 of this article, a retailer engaging in business in this
 state also means and includes any of the following:

(1) Any retailer soliciting orders from persons 5 located in this state for the sale of tangible personal 6 7 property or taxable services by means of a telecom-8 munication or television shopping system which utilizes a telephone or mail ordering system, including 9 10 toll free telephone numbers, reverse charge telephone 11 systems or other telephone ordering systems and which is intended by the retailer to be broadcast by 12 13 cable television or other means of broadcasting, to 14 consumers located in this state: Provided, That such 15 retailer has physical presence in this state in the form of employees, offices, agents or sales outlets in this 16 17 state, or any other presence that provides the neces-18 sary minimum contacts for a constitutionally sufficient 19 nexus for a state to require such a retailer collect and

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20 remit use taxes.

21 (2) Any retailer who solicits orders from persons 22located in this state for the sale of tangible personal 23 property or taxable services by means of advertising 24 that is broadcast from, printed at, or distributed from, a location in this state if the advertising is primarily 2526 intended to be disseminated to consumers located in 27this state and is only secondarily or incidentally disseminated to bordering jurisdictions. For purposes 28 29of this paragraph, advertising which is broadcast from 30 a radio or television station located in this state or is printed in or distributed by a newspaper published in 31 32 this state is rebuttably presumed to be primarily 33 intended for dissemination to consumers located in 34 this state: Provided. That such retailer has physical 35 presence in this state in the form of employees, offices, 36 agents or sales outlets in this state, or any other 37presence that provides the necessary minimum con-38 tacts for a constitutionally sufficient nexus for a state 39 to require such a retailer to collect and remit use 40 taxes.

41 (3) Any retailer soliciting orders from persons 42 located in this state for the sale of tangible personal property or taxable services by mail if the solicitations 43 44 are substantial and recurring and if the retailer 45 economically benefits from any banking, financing, 46 debt collection, telecommunication or marketing 47 activities occurring in this state or economically 48 benefits from the location in this state of an authorized 49 installation, servicing or repair facility, regardless of 50 whether such facility is owned or operated by such 51 retailer or by a related or unrelated person: *Provided*, 52That such retailer has physical presence in this state 53 in the form of employees, offices, agents or sales outlets in this state, or any other presence that 54 55 provides the necessary minimum contacts for a consti-56 tutionally sufficient nexus for a state to require such 57 a retailer to collect and remit use taxes.

58 (4) Any retailer having a franchisee or licensee
59 operating in this state under the retailer's trade name,
60 if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect the

61 tax imposed by this article or article fifteen of this 62 chapter: *Provided*, That such retailer has physical 63 presence in this state in the form of employees, offices, 64 agents or sales outlets in this state, or any other 65 presence that provides the necessary minimum con-66 tacts for a constitutionally sufficient nexus for a state 67 to require such a retailer to collect and remit use 68 taxes.

69 (5) Any retailer who, pursuant to a contract with a 70 cable television operator located in this state, solicits 71 from persons located in this state orders for the sale of 72 tangible personal property or taxable services by 73 means of advertising which is transmitted or distrib-74 uted over a cable television system in this state: 75 *Provided*, That such retailer has physical presence in 76 this state in the form of employees, offices, agents or 77 sales outlets in this state, or any other presence that 78 provides the necessary minimum contacts for a consti-79 tutionally sufficient nexus for a state to require such 80 a retailer to collect and remit use taxes.

(b) Exemption from payment of business registration tax. — Any retailer required to collect use tax under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be required to obtain a business registration certificate, as provided in article twelve of this chapter, but shall be exempt from payment of the tax levied by subsection (b), section three of said article twelve, unless the retailer has sufficient presence in this state so that required payment of the tax does not violate any provision of the constitution or laws of this state or of the United States.

92 (c) *Effective date.* — The provisions of this section 93 shall become effective the first day of July, one 94 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and apply to sales 95 of tangible personal property or taxable services made 96 on or after that date.

§11-15A-3d. Direct pay permits.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 2 article, the tax commissioner may, pursuant to rules 3 and regulations promulgated by him in accordance

with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. 4 5 authorize a person (as defined in section two of article 6 fifteen) that is a user, consumer, distributor or lessee 7 to which sales or leases of tangible personal property are made or services provided to pay any tax levied by 8 this article or article fifteen of this chapter directly to 9 10 the tax commissioner and waive the collection of the 11 tax by that person's vendor. No such authority shall be 12granted or exercised except upon application to the tax 13 commissioner and after issuance by the tax commis-14 sioner of a direct pay permit. Upon issuance of such direct pay permit, payment of the tax imposed or 15 16 assertion of the exemptions allowed by this article or article fifteen of this chapter on sales and leases of 17 18 tangible personal property and sales of taxable services 19 from the vendors thereof shall be made directly to the 20tax commissioner by the permit holder.

21 (b) On or before the fifteenth day of each month, 22every permit holder shall make and file with the tax 23commissioner a consumers sales and use tax direct pay 24 permit return for the preceding month in the form 25prescribed by the tax commissioner showing the total 26value of the tangible personal property so used, the 27amount of taxable services purchased, the amount of 28tax due from the permit holder, which amount shall 29be paid to the tax commissioner with such return, and 30 such other information as the tax commissioner deems 31 necessary: Provided, That if the amount of consumers 32sales and use taxes due averages less than one hundred dollars per month, the tax commissioner may 33 34 permit the filing of quarterly returns in lieu of 35 monthly returns and the amount of tax shown thereon 36 to be due shall be remitted on or before the fifteenth 37day following the close of the calendar quarter; and if 38 the amount due averages less than fifty dollars per calendar quarter, the tax commissioner may permit 39 40 the filing of an annual direct pay permit return and 41 the amount of tax shown thereon to be due shall be 42 remitted on or before the last day of January each 43 year. The tax commissioner, upon written request 44 filed by the permit holder before the due date of the return, may grant a reasonable extension of time, 45

46 upon such terms as the tax commissioner may require, 47 for the making and filing of direct pay permit returns 48 and paying the tax due. Interest on such tax shall be 49 chargeable on every such extended payment at the 50 rate specified in section seventeen, article ten of this 51 chapter.

52(c) A permit issued pursuant to this section shall 53 continue to be valid until expiration of the taxpayer's 54 registration year under article twelve of this chapter. 55 This permit shall automatically be renewed when the 56 taxpayer's business registration certificate is issued for the next succeeding fiscal year, unless the permit is 57 surrendered by the holder or canceled for cause by the 58 59 tax commissioner.

60 (d) Persons who hold a direct payment permit which has not been canceled shall not be required to pay the 61 62 tax to the vendor as otherwise provided in this article 63 or article fifteen of this chapter. Such persons shall 64 notify each vendor from whom tangible personal 65 property is purchased or leased or from whom services 66 are purchased of their direct payment permit number and that the tax is being paid directly to the tax 67 commissioner. Upon receipt of such notice, such 68 69 vendor shall be absolved from all duties and liabilities 70 imposed by this chapter for the collection and remittance of the tax with respect to sales, distributions, 71 leases or storage of tangible personal property and 72sales of services to such permit holder. Vendors who 73 74 make sales upon which the tax is not collected by 75 reason of the provisions of this section shall maintain 76 records in such manner that the amount involved and 77 identity of each such purchaser may be ascertained.

78 (e) Upon the expiration, cancellation or surrender of 79 a direct payment permit, the provisions of this chap-80 ter, without regard to this section, shall thereafter 81 apply to the person who previously held such permit, 82 and such person shall promptly so notify in writing 83 vendors from whom tangible personal property or 84 services are purchased of such cancellation or surrender. Upon receipt of such notice, the vendor shall be 85 subject to the provisions of this chapter, without 86

87 regard to this section, with respect to all sales of88 tangible personal property or taxable services, thereaf-89 ter made to or for such person.

§11-15A-29. Effective date.

1 (a) The provisions of this article as amended or 2 added by Senate Bill No. 1 took effect on the first day 3 of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 4 apply to all purchases made or used in this state on or 5 after that date: *Provided*, That if an effective date was 6 expressly provided in a provision of such act, that 7 specific effective date controlled in lieu of this general 8 effective date provision.

9 (b) The provisions of this article as amended or 10 added by this act shall take effect on the first day of 11 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 12 apply to all purchases made or used in this state on or 13 after that date: *Provided*, That if an effective date is 14 expressly provided in such provision, that specific 15 effective date shall control in lieu of this general 16 effective date provision.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-12. West Virginia adjusted gross income of resident individual.

1 (a) General. — The West Virginia adjusted gross 2 income of a resident individual means his federal 3 adjusted gross income as defined in the laws of the 4 United States for the taxable year with the modifica-5 tions specified in this section.

6 (b) Modifications increasing federal adjusted gross 7 income. — There shall be added to federal adjusted 8 gross income unless already included therein the 9 following items:

(1) Interest income on obligations of any state other
than this state, or of a political subdivision of any such
other state unless created by compact or agreement to
which this state is a party;

14 (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or 15 securities of any authority, commission or instrumen16 tality of the United States, which the laws of the17 United States exempt from federal income tax but not18 from state income taxes;

19 (3) Income taxes imposed by this state or any other 20 taxing jurisdiction, to the extent deductible in deter-21 mining federal adjusted gross income and not credited 22 against federal income tax: *Provided*, That this modi-23 fication shall not be made for taxable years beginning 24 after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand 25 nine hundred eighty-six;

(4) Interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to
purchase or carry obligations or securities the income
from which is exempt from tax under this article, to
the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted
gross income;

31 (5) Interest on a depository institution tax-exempt
32 savings certificate which is allowed as an exclusion
33 from federal gross income under section 128 of the
34 Internal Revenue Code, for the federal taxable year;

(6) The amount allowed as a deduction from federal
gross income under section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code by married couples who file a joint federal
return for the federal taxable year: *Provided*, That this
modification shall not be made for taxable years
beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one
thousand nine hundred eighty-six; and e

42 (7) The deferral value of certain income that is not recognized for federal tax purposes, which value shall 43 be an amount equal to a percentage of the amount 44 45 allowed as a deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the accelerated cost recovery 46 47 system under section 168 of the Internal Revenue 48 Code for the federal taxable year, with the percentage 49 of the federal deduction to be added as follows with 50 respect to the following recovery property: Three-year property - no modification; five-year property - ten 51 52 percent; ten-year property — fifteen percent; fifteen-53 year public utility property — twenty-five percent; 54 and fifteen-year real property - thirty-five percent: 55 *Provided*. That this modification shall not apply to any

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person whose federal deduction is determined by the
use of the straight line method: *Provided, however*,
That this modification shall not be made for taxable
years beginning after the thirty-first day of December,
one thousand nine hundred eighty-six; and

(8) The amount of a lump sum distribution for
which the taxpayer has elected under section 402(e) of
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to be
separately taxed for federal income tax purposes.

(c) Modifications reducing federal adjusted gross *income.* — There shall be subtracted from federal
adjusted gross income to the extent included therein:

68 (1) Interest income on obligations of the United
69 States and its possessions to the extent includible in
70 gross income for federal income tax purposes;

71 (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or 72 securities of any authority, commission or instrumen-73 tality of the United States or of the state of West 74 Virginia to the extent includible in gross income for 75 federal income tax purposes but exempt from state 76 income taxes under the laws of the United States or of 77 the state of West Virginia, including federal interest or 78 dividends paid to shareholders of a regulated investment company, under section 852 of the Internal 79 80 Revenue Code for taxable years ending after the 81 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 82 eighty-seven;

83 (3) Any gain from the sale or other disposition of 84 property having a higher fair market value on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one. 85 86 than the adjusted basis at said date for federal income 87 tax purposes: Provided, That the amount of this 88 adjustment is limited to that portion of any such gain 89 which does not exceed the difference between such 90 fair market value and such adjusted basis: Provided, 91 however, That if such gain is considered a long-term 92 capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the 93 modification shall be limited to forty percent of such 94 portion of the gain: Provided further, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years 95

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96 beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one 97 thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

98 (4) The amount of any refund or credit for overpay99 ment of income taxes imposed by this state, or any
100 other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent properly
101 included in gross income for federal income tax
102 purposes;

103 (5) Annuities, retirement allowances, returns of 104 contributions and any other benefit received under 105 the West Virginia public employees retirement system, 106 the West Virginia state teachers retirement system and all forms of military retirement, including regular 107 108 armed forces, reserves and national guard, including 109 any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to the 110 extent includible in gross income for federal income 111 tax purposes: Provided, That notwithstanding any 112 provisions in this code to the contrary this modifica-113 tion shall be limited to the first two thousand dollars 114 of benefits received under the West Virginia public 115 employees retirement system, the West Virginia state 116 teachers retirement system and all forms of military retirement including regular armed forces, reserves 117 and national guard, including any survivorship annui-118 119 ties derived therefrom, to the extent includible in 120 gross income for federal income tax purposes for 121 taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of 122 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six; and 123 the first two thousand dollars of benefits received 124 under any federal retirement system to which Title 4 125USC § 111 applies: Provided, however, That the total 126 modification under this paragraph shall not exceed 127two thousand dollars per person receiving such retire-128 ment benefits and this limitation shall apply to all 129returns or amended returns filed after the last day of 130 December, one thousand nine hundred eight-eight;

(6) Retirement income received in the form of
pensions and annuities after the thirty-first day of
December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine,
under any West Virginia police, West Virginia firemen's retirement system or the West Virginia department of public safety death, disability and retirement

137 fund, including any survivorship annuities derived138 therefrom, to the extent includible in gross income for139 federal income tax purposes;

140 (7) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of eight thousand dollars received from any source after 141 142the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, by any person who has attained 143 144 the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the 145 taxable year, or by any person certified by proper 146 authority as permanently and totally disabled, regard-147 less of age, on or before the last day of the taxable 148 year, to the extent includible in federal adjusted gross 149 income for federal tax purposes: Provided, That if a 150 person has a medical certification from a prior year 151and he is still permanently and totally disabled, a copy 152of the original certificate is acceptable as proof of 153disability. A copy of the form filed for the federal 154 disability income tax exclusion is acceptable: Provided, 155 however, That

(i) Where the total modification under subdivisions
(1), (2), (5) and (6) of this subsection is eight thousand
dollars per person or more, no deduction shall be
allowed under this subdivision; and

(ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions
(1), (2), (5) and (6) of this subsection is less than eight
thousand dollars per person, the total modification
allowed under this subdivision for all gross income
received by such person shall be limited to the
difference between eight thousand dollars and the sum
of modifications under such subdivisions;

167 (8) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of 168 eight thousand dollars received from any source after 169 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, by the surviving spouse of any 170 person who had attained the age of sixty-five or who 171 172had been certified as permanently and totally disabled, 173 to the extent includible in federal adjusted gross 174 income for federal tax purposes: Provided, That

(i) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection is eight

177 thousand dollars or more, no deduction shall be178 allowed under this subdivision; and

(ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions
(1), (2), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection is less than
eight thousand dollars per person, the total modification allowed under this subdivision for all gross
income received by such person shall be limited to the
difference between eight thousand dollars and the sum
of such subdivisions;

186 (9) Any pay or allowances received, after the thirty-187 first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, by West Virginia residents who have not 188 189 attained the age of sixty-five, as compensation for active service in the armed forces of the United States: 190 191 Provided, That such deduction shall be limited to an amount not to exceed four thousand dollars: Provided, 192however. That this modification shall not be made for 193 194 taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of 195 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

(10) Gross income to the extent included in federal
adjusted gross income under section 86 of the Internal
Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes: *Pro- vided*, That this modification shall not be made for
taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of
December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

202 (11) The amount of any lottery prize awarded by the
203 West Virginia state lottery commission, to the extent
204 properly included in gross income for federal income
205 tax purposes; and

(12) Any other income which this state is prohibitedfrom taxing under the laws of the United States.

(d) Modification for West Virginia fiduciary adjustment. — There shall be added to or subtracted from
federal adjusted gross income, as the case may be, the
taxpayer's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of
the West Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined
under section nineteen of this article.

214 (e) Partners and S corporation shareholders. — The 215 amounts of modifications required to be made under

this section by a partner or an S corporation shareholder, which relate to items of income, gain, loss or
deduction of a partnership or an S corporation, shall
be determined under section seventeen of this article.

(f) Husband and wife. — If husband and wife
determine their federal income tax on a joint return
but determine their West Virginia income taxes
separately, they shall determine their West Virginia
adjusted gross incomes separately as if their federal
adjusted gross incomes had been determined
separately.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-9c. Research and development credit against primary tax.

1 A credit shall be allowed against the primary tax 2 imposed by this article, which shall be the research 3 and development credit as provided in sections three 4 and three-b, article thirteen-d of this chapter for 5 taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of 6 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight: 7 Provided, That the amount of this credit may not 8 reduce by more than fifty percent of the amount of 9 the net tax liability of the taxpayer for the taxable 10 year: Provided, however, That one-tenth of the entire 11 amount of the eligible investment, upon which the 12 credit is predicated pursuant to sections three and 13 three-b, article thirteen-d of this chapter, taken as a 14 deduction in determining its federal taxable income 15 for the taxable year shall be an adjustment increasing 16 federal taxable income under section six of this article: 17 Provided further, That the taxpayer may at its option 18 elect in lieu of claiming the credit allowable by this section to not increase its federal taxable income 19 20 under section six of this article and thereby take as a 21 full deduction under this article for the taxable year 22 the amount of its eligible investment in research and 23 development for the taxable year, which was taken as 24 a deduction on its federal return for such taxable year.

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

ARTICLE 6. DEFINITIONS.

§17-1-3. "Road"; "public road"; "highway."

1 The words or terms "road," "public road," or 2 "highway" shall be deemed to include, but shall not be 3 limited to, the right of way, roadbed and all necessary culverts, sluices, drains, ditches, waterways, embank-4 ments, slopes, retaining walls, bridges, tunnels and 5 6 viaducts necessary for the maintenance of travel, 7 dispatch of freight and communication between indi-8 viduals and communities; and such public road or highway shall be taken to include any road to which 9 10 the public has access and which it is not denied the 11 right to use, or any road or way leading from any 12 other public road over the land of another person, and 13 which shall have been established pursuant to law. 14 Any road shall be conclusively presumed to have been 15, established when it has been used by the public for a 16 period of ten years or more, and public moneys or 17 labor have been expended thereon, whether there be 18 any record of its conveyance, dedication or appropria-19 tion to public use or not. In the absence of any other 20 mark or record, the center of the traveled way shall be 21 taken as the center of the road and the right of way 22shall be designated therefrom an equal distance on 23 each side, but a road may be constructed on any part 24 of the located right of way when it is deemed advisable so to do. 25

26The Legislature notes that there are public highways 27that run over the surface of this land, over and 28 through the navigable streams, rivers and waterways 29on this earth and above the surface of this earth in the 30 form of highways in the sky, commonly known as 31airways. The Legislature finds that each of these types 32of public highways are essential to the development of 33 this state and that the health and safety of each of the 34 citizens of this state are affected daily by the availabil-35 ity of each of these three types of public highways, and 36 that it is the best interests of the people of this state 37 that each of these be recognized and included within

38 the meaning of public highways. The Legislature 39 further recognizes that airports are an important and 40 integral part of the public highways existing above the 41 surface of this state, and that airports are necessary to 42 access such highways, and therefore airports, includ-43 ing runways, taxiways, parking ramps, access roads 44 and air traffic control facilities located at airports, are 45 hereby declared to be part of the public highway 46 system of this state.

[Enr. Com. Sub. S. B. No. 303 57

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect from passage.

6 1

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegat

President of Speaker House of Delegates

27 th The within. 12 anthis # pril day of . Governor

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR Date 4/20/89 Time 10:39

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